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TODAY

# THE CITIZEN.

AN INDEPENDENT  
WEEKLY

Circulation, 1000.

Devoted to the Interests of the Home, School, and Farm.

50 c a Year.

VOL. I.

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JULY 26, 1899.

NO. 6.

## MADISON COUNTY FAIR

Richmond, Ky., Aug. 1-4, 1899.

\$1000 BANKERS' STAKE, for Saddle Stallion, Mare, or Gelding.

\$6000 In Purses and Premiums.

BALLOON ASCENSION AND OTHER ATTRACTIONS.  
BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

TROTS CALLED AT 2 P. M. EACH DAY.

J. W. BALES, Pres.  
S. A. DEATHERAGE, Sec.

### THE CITIZEN

T. G. PASCO,  
EDITOR AND MANAGER.

Published at the office of  
**THE CITIZEN, Berea, Ky.**  
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#### IDEAS

It often takes more courage to keep out of a fight than to go into it.

Notice the description of the New Normal Course at Berea on our last page.

The biggest thing Uncle Sam does for us is giving us a chance to send our children to school—don't miss it this summer.

If you believe in THE CITIZEN, show it to your neighbor and advise him to subscribe. The more subscriptions we get the better paper we can have. The bridges on the road toward Slate Lick which were in a murderous condition, have been repaired—let supervisors of other road districts follow their example.

Pres. Frost will preach at Slate Lick next Sunday at 3 P. M. on *Avenging Injuries*, with special reference to recent bloodsheds. It will pay to ride a long way to hear that Sermon.

#### Nutting at Conway

Rev. J. D. Nutting speaks on Mormonism at Conway Thursday night.

#### PERSONALS

Mrs. Lester and family are spending a few days at Malory.

Mrs. Yocum is attending the Institute at Lancaster this week.

E. W. Baker, of Wallace, was in town Saturday and subscribed.

Dr. Lauder, of Cincinnati, visited his uncle, E. P. Fairchild, Sunday.

Mrs. Kate E. Putnam returned Friday from the hospital at Zanesville O. E. G. Creech and B. F. Tankersley, from Burning Springs, are visiting here.

Alex Davis, of Leisure, Ind., is visiting his brother, I. C. Davis, and other friends here.

Narm Edwards went through town yesterday on his way to Dory, Clay county, from Oklahoma.

Miss Elliott returned Friday from a month's visit with relatives in Paris Ill., and Indianapolis, Ind.

Prof. Dodge is spending the week working up the meeting of the Madison County Sunday-school union.

J. C. Sharp went to Jessamine last Thursday, returning Monday with Mrs. Sharp, who has been visiting there.

F. H. Chapman, of Franklin Falls, N. H. one of the members of the Penniman excursion made a short trip back here Saturday.

Harry Coddington cut his thumb with a piece of zinc last Thursday so severely that he was compelled to have several stitches put in it.

Miss Nina Lamson and her assistant, Miss Sherwin, remain during the summer at San Mateo, N. Mexico. Their school house is being repaired this vacation.

Prof. and Mrs. Dodge entertained a few friends Thursday evening, and Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild received on Friday evening, in honor of Prof. and Mrs. Penniman.

Mr. Teeters and family left yesterday for Garret and Auburn Ind., where they will visit relatives and friends for a month, while Mr. Teeters enjoys his vacation.

J. A. Sharp and wife, of Union Mills, visited his cousin, J. C. Sharp, here last week. While visiting Malory a wooden bow of quite ancient workmanship was found.

Miss Lena Sayers is spending her vacation at Pacific Grove, California, which is a summer resort established by the Chautauqua Assembly of California, 130 miles south of San Francisco.

Prof. and Mrs. Ira B. Penniman left Monday for Peoria, Ill., where they will visit Mrs. Penniman's parents for some time. Prof. Penniman expects to study music this coming fall and winter, probably in Boston.

#### LOCALS

\$6000 will be given in purses and premiums at the Richmond fair.

All the trots at the Richmond fair have filled and good racing is expected.

The free school began here Monday with Miss Kate Coddington and Miss Nannie Tudor in charge.

Licenses to marry was granted recently to Thomas Gabbard and Miss Dora Rutherford.

Word comes that Rev. H. J. Derthick, is quite sick at Mantua, O., where he was spending his vacation.

A. J. Johnson moved his family from Conway last week. He is at work at Todd's mill on the Fairchild place.

Secretary of War Alger has resigned, and the President has appointed Elihu Root, of New York, as his successor.

At a recent White House reception President McKinley shook hands with 4,816 persons in an hour and three quarters.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Short took William Rose, from Estill county, through here yesterday on his way to Frankfort. Moonshining.

The date of the Berea Fair has been changed to September 28, 29, 30. The officers are working to secure great attractions and make it a good fair.

An excursion train came down from Cincinnati last Sunday, bringing about 500 people from the city, and distributing them at Paris, Richmond, and Berea.

Saturday Doctors Cornelius and Davis performed a successful operation for appendicitis on Thomas Croucher, the 12 year old son of Seban Chroucher, of Scaffold Cane.

A new ruling from the revenue department forbids the stamping of checks by banks, or even the sale of stamps there. No unstamped checks will now be received at the banks.

Rev. Mr. Bartlett of Indiana is expected to preach in Berea Church-house next Sunday morning. There will be a praise service with Stereoscopic Views from Pilgrims Progress at night.

Rev. Perry W. Sinks, of Youngstown, O., preached in the Berea Church-house last Sunday. In the afternoon he preached at Slate Lick, and led the C. E. in the evening, giving a brief report of the C. E. Convention at Detroit.

Four thousand people attended the mass meeting of the Chicago platform democrats at the auditorium last

week. Speeches were made by Mr. Bryan, Senator Tilman, George Fred Williams, Alex. Tröup, ex-Gov. Stone, ex-Gov. Altgeld, and others.

In Police Court Saturday the Estridge Chrisman suit for damages was settled, the jury finding \$3 and cost for Chrisman. One or two other civil cases were tried and the Commonwealth cases were continued until next court. Court day here is getting to be a busy day, and a large crowd was brought to town last week by various cases.

There will be a picnic at Slate Lick on next Saturday for the benefit of the Infirmary at Richmond. Admission, 25 cents, children free. Speeches are promised by several Richmond orators, and in the afternoon a picnic dinner will be spread. All are urged to attend this picnic and help the Infirmary, an institution which does so much good throughout the county.

Richmond will certainly have the greatest fair this year ever held here. The real features will be free and open to all. The street fair in the forenoon of each day is to be absolutely free, no charge to be made at all. It is hoped our people will take an interest in the coming carnival and help to make it a success. Get your exhibits ready and prepare for a merry time.

C. Rexford Raymond returned Saturday from an extended trip to Booneville, Manchester, and intervening points. He brought with him four young people who go with him to Chautauqua on Aug. 3, where Mr. Raymond has charge of a Berea Day on the program of the assembly. The people who go are Misses Addie Reynolds and Lou Flannery, and Messrs. Madison Combs and J. I. Hughes.

#### COUNTY NEWS.

Jailer Lackey is working Richmond prisoners on a new pike, now being constructed at Stony Run.

Peytontown is the name of a new post office between Richmond and Silver Creek, on the L. & N.

The Pantagraph is now published Tuesday and Friday instead of Tuesday and Thursday as formerly.

The President has appointed C. C. Wallace to be Postmaster at Richmond. He was Senator Deboe's candidate.

The Friendship Baptist church, ten miles southwest of Richmond, will be dedicated the fifth Sunday in July, Rev. J. G. Parsons, of Berea, preaching the sermon.—Register.

Articles of incorporation have been filed for the Louisville and Atlantic Railroad Company, which has been formed to operate the old R. N. I. & B. It is said that work on the extension from Irvine to Beattyville will be commenced at once. The name of the new company is the Louisville and Atlantic railroad.

The next annual meeting of the Madison county Sunday-schools will be held at Speedwell in the Christian church on Saturday, August 12th. Prof. E. A. Fox, state secretary and other prominent workers are expected. A basket dinner is included in the program. Prof. L. V. Dodge, of Berea, is president, and Mr. Wm. Baumstark, of Waco, secretary.

—Pantagraph.

#### THE SHOP.

There comes a time in the life of nearly every young man when he must decide what path he will follow for his life's work, unless he has little character, and is willing to drift wherever the waves of chance may carry him. This is perhaps the most important period in the life of a young man, and his future success and happiness depend largely upon the decision he makes. It is not always wise to jump at the first thing that presents itself, whether his abilities are suitable or not, but it is a matter requiring the most careful thought and preparation. When an ambitious young man starts in life with a definite plan of action, he starts upon a much higher plane than one of the same abilities, who begins with simply a willingness to work, and without any plan beyond earning enough for his daily wants. The latter may perhaps earn more at first, but the former is certain to overtake him and before manhood has been reached to leave him far behind. A definite aim in life may be in any direction as long as it gives the possessor an incentive to strive for self-improvement, but the ambitions and aims that lead a young man along mechanical channels, to spend several years in learning a trade, are not popular with the average American youth.

Our country is a manufacturing country, its industrial enterprises are the wonder of the world, and have created a continual demand for skilled workmen. In view of this demand and the entirely inadequate supply of machines, The Woodwork Department of Berea College is to be extended to include a Trade School in which will be taught the Carpenter's and Cabinetmaker's trade, to those students who may elect to take this course and who show sufficient aptitude for mechanical work to insure that the instruction will not be wasted.

There are many young men who have during the past year, expressed a desire to learn the Carpenters Trade and to them and others, this opportunity is offered. This is a two year's course and includes the construction of articles embodying all of the joints known to carpentry, and also the framing of a house and instruction in nearly all processes used in its construction, as well as in various pieces of furniture and in general repairs around buildings and farm machines.

A young man having had the above can feel certain that he has an education that will enable him to meet life's difficulties with more confidence in his own ability to earn and hold a place for himself in this busy world of ours than is possible to the man who has never trained his hand to serve his brain.

C. A. K.

#### County Court Days.

Paris, Bourbon County, 1st Monday  
Richmond, Madison, 1st Monday  
Lexington, Fayette, 2nd Monday  
Stanford, Lincoln, 2nd Monday  
Georgetown, Scott, 3rd Monday  
Danville, Boyle, 3rd Monday  
Nicholasville, Jessamine, 3rd Monday  
Winchester, Clark, 4th Monday  
Versailles, Woodford, 4th Monday.

—Climax.

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#### STATE BRIEFS.

Pineville is having a telephone system installed.

Danville will have a fair on Aug. 30, 31, and Sept. 1.

Lancaster is receiving bids on a water works system.

Gold is supposed to have been found in Marion County.

Democrats of Warren County have headed the opposition to Goebel.

Jessamine's wheat crop will be only about 60 per cent of last year's crop.

Rev. A. B. Chinn will teach in Middlesborough University this year.

Six store rooms, a hotel, an opera house, and ten new residences are being built at Lancaster.

The Record says that Garrard will have only about half the usual wheat crop and the drought has largely injured the prospects for a corn crop.

Hon. W. R. Ramsey, of London, who was defeated in the race for Attorney General, is being urged to run for Congress in the Bloody Eleventh.

Mr. Bryan will come to Kentucky about September 1 and spend a week making speeches for the democratic state ticket and for the election of a democratic legislature.

Prohibitionists of Kentucky meet in mass convention at Louisville on Aug. 1 and 2, to nominate a State ticket. Chairman Dickie, of the National Committee, and other prominent workers will attend.

The Courier-Journal one year ago said that if the Goebel Bill became a law, "Then are free elections and free government at an end in Kentucky, and the State given over to an irresponsible clique of self appointed party managers, not to be recovered by the people short of a political revolution." What was true of this law then is equally true of it today.  
London Echo.

The superintendent of public instruction has announced that the per capita for school purposes for the coming year will be a little over \$2.70, as against \$2.40 last year. This will be the largest per capita in the history of the State. Heretofore there has been a deficit in the school fund at this period in the fiscal year, but at the beginning of the present month there was on hand to the credit of the school fund \$285,000. The hearts of Madison County teachers will be made glad by this announcement.

Pantagraph.

You Want GOOD GLASSES



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Glasses that are not properly adjusted to your eyes are actually dangerous. I know it, and you ought to know it. I will not attempt to suit glasses to your eyes until I know what is needed. Eyes examined free.

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# THE CITIZEN.

T. G. PASCO, Editor and Manager.

BEREA, : : KENTUCKY.

## IDEALS

By Regent Minor.

Onboard a P. and O. steamer, a hot afternoon in the Mediterranean; the deck is deserted but for three passengers and an occasional noisy Lascar.

Miss Molly Titherage, looking dainty and cool in a white frock and shoes, is lying back in her deck chair with an open book on her knee. She is dark haired, gray-eyed, and interesting to the verge of prettiness.

Mr. Archie Campbell, in a white linen tropical suit, a paper in his hands, lies in the shadow of a neighboring boat. He is dark and good-looking, but rather under the medium height.

Mrs. Matthews, an elderly lady with a very severe countenance, nods over her knitting further up the deck.

**P**OLLY (with a sigh of relief)—At last I've got rid of that horrid old bore of a colonel. Such an ideal day! Such a wicked waste to spend it talking to him! I wonder where—O! here he is. (She subsides into her book as Archie Campbell strolls up.)

Archie—Anybody's chair, Miss Titherage, or may I have it?

Molly (with slightly annoyed expression)—Well, it was the colonel's; but I suppose you may sit there till he comes back. I don't suppose he'd mind. (She relapses into her book with an indifferent air.)

Archie (aside)—Wouldn't he, though! (Aloud) I don't suppose he would. He's not a bad old boy if he'd only shut up about the depreciating ruses and not be always boring us with—

Molly (interrupting, sharply)—Don't talk, please, I want to read!

Archie—So sorry—I won't say another word. I want to read, too.

(A long silence ensues, during which they both appear to be reading intently.)

Molly (suddenly leaning back and looking at the sea)—O! what an ideal day! Such color in the sea and the sky—

Archie (interrupting, sharply)—Don't talk, please, I want to read.

Molly (with offended dignity)—I suppose I may speak to myself.

Archie—O! certainly. (In a loud aside) It's considered rather "ratty."

Molly (seemingly)—I don't understand your slang!

Archie—Well, you needn't be so offended then if you don't understand it. Molly (with extreme dignity)—It is considered very rude to talk to people in a language they do not understand.

Archie (also with dignity)—I suppose I may speak to myself!

Molly—O! certainly.

(Another long pause ensues, during which both appear to be earnestly reading. Molly looks up, looks at Archie, frowns, and sighs heavily. Archie goes on reading. Molly sighs louder. Archie shivers as if cold, but still goes on reading. Molly gives a third huge sigh, and Archie looks up.)

Archie—Surely, a breeze springing up?

Molly—No, only me sighing.

Archie—O! (He relapses into his paper.)

Molly (with sudden decision)—Mr. Campbell!

Archie (looking up, eagerly)—Miss Titherage! An ice or a lemon squash, or both?

Molly—Neither, thanks. But you might talk a little, I think. You're awfully dull to-day.

Archie (folding up his paper with alacrity)—So sorry, I thought you meant what you said. You do sometimes, you know!

Molly—Only when I'm ill or angry.

Archie—And you're not either now, are you? (Looks at her tenderly.) What shall we talk about? Let me see—We had weather and tropics the first day; second day, books and music; third, politics and religion; fourth, generalities about people; fifth, personalities about the passengers—that was yesterday. Well, now suppose we try personalities about ourselves to-day. I know! You tell me all my faults, and I'll tell you all yours!

Molly—Thank you. That would be giving me all the weight of the conversation, and I want you to talk. (Confidentially and seriously) Do you know we are boring each other horribly? Confess! we've exhausted each other, and want to quarrel, don't we?

Archie (looking at her earnestly)—Do we?

Molly—Yes. One always exhausts people on long voyages, don't you know? Coming out, I walked clean through—yes, right clean through all the passengers in the first week. Fact! Thirty-five people, and not a soul to speak to after the first week!

Archie—Of course, you read all the rest of the way, and kept a diary. Girls always keep a diary when there's nothing going on, and never when there is. Why is that?

Molly—How stupid you are! Because it is so difficult when you have something to tell. Don't you see? Anyone can spin things out, but it takes a genius to stow them down! O, literature! I'm talking now, and I can feel you are listening. Now you talk! I'm tired, and want a rest. Your conversation always has such a soporific—somnia—O bother! It's too hot! You know what sort of effect your talking has on me. There! go ahead!

(She lies back in her chair and closes her eyes. He sits silent and watches her.)

Molly (opening her eyes suddenly)—Ho! On second thoughts, I won't, though! I always sleep with my mouth wide open, and it isn't becoming. I shouldn't mind your seeing me, as you must be hardened to my winning ways by now. But that dear old colonel

might come back, and it would give him such a shock. Come! say something, do. Anyone on a ship who doesn't make one original remark in five minutes ought to be fined. (Pettishly.)

Archie—It makes such a row if we both talk at once I thought I'd let you finish first.

(A short pause, during which he wracks his brain for a topic.)

Archie—A—hem! What an ideal day!

Molly—Not original. Fine! I said that just now.

Archie—Well, perfect, then! A perfect day. The day, don't you know, and—and—(looking at her face) and everything else perfect, too.

Molly (with studied indifference)—Yes, the day is nice! It's hard to say why, though.

Archie (watching her intently)—Do you think so? I don't.

Molly (hurriedly)—Talking of ideals, they're very right—er—er—I mean—very fine—very desirable. (Decidedly) One can't live without ideals.

Archie—What's the good of ideals you can't reach?

Molly (seriously)—They tend to elevate the soul.

Archie—And depress the spirits?

Molly—Then you've tried them?

Archie—Yes, most of us try and keep a few. I've got one left.

Molly (indifferently)—Oh, and what's that?

Archie—An ideal woman!

Molly (with exaggerated indifference)—Indeed! How interesting!

Archie (leaning forward and lowering his voice lest Mrs. Matthews should hear)—Yes, she is interesting—dangerously so. Let me tell you about her! She is dark-haired and gray-eyed—such gray eyes that you quite forget all her other features when you look into them. But her nose is awfully sweet, and so is—her mouth! She's not very tall, just tall enough, though, and such a pretty, graceful little figure! She looks her very best lying in a deck chair with her hair all rough! But, besides being so nice to look at, she is good and sweet, and, oh, so lovable! also a little clever—not too clever to be kind, but clever enough to be full of tact and charm. But, oh, she's dreadfully dense when she chooses! She will not be seen when other people are doing their very best

to show her—what an awful dear she is—and to show her—what she is to them—how much they care for her—and—

Molly (hurriedly, in a low voice)—I suppose you don't mind that old cat of a Mrs. Matthews listening to every word you're saying. (With emphasis, in a loud conversational key.) Now listen to me! It's my turn now. I've got an ideal, too; an ideal man mine is, of course! He is very tall and very fair, with lovely blue eyes, altogether a splendid man. But, besides being all this to look at, he's extremely nice, and, oh, so considerate; never puts one in difficult positions in public, don't you know, and all that sort of thing! He's very clever, too—not a little bit clever, and frightened of girls being cleverer—but really so clever himself that he likes the cleverest people he can find! Very amusing and very talkative, and—and—I think that's all. (During this speech Archie's face grows very grave.)

Archie (rising hurriedly)—Ah! I think it's bedtime. I'll go and see.

Molly (promptly)—Do.

(He rises and walks down the deck towards the gangway; Mrs. Matthews, who has also just risen, disappears down it in front of him.)

Molly (aside)—At last that old cat is taking herself off. (Aloud) Mr. Campbell.

Archie (looking back, sadly)—Yes, Miss Titherage?

Molly—Neither ice nor lemon squashes, thank you! But I think you've forgotten something. Come, and see here. (She points with one hand to the deck beside her chair.)

Archie (coming back and stooping to examine the spot)—I don't see anything.

Molly (imperatively)—Look again—look hard.

Archie (examining deck closely)—Nothing, nothing, really—but your hand.

Molly (in a whisper)—Perhaps it is my hand—

Archie (seizing it in both his with an astonished gasp)—But, Molly—your ideal?

Molly—Bother ideals.—Black and White.

**An English Dish.**

For a curry of cooked meat cut the beef into small squares, according to the quantity of meat to be curried; put two tablespoonfuls or more of butter into a stew pan and two good sized onions chopped; stir the onions in the butter until of a pale brown; and one tea-spoonful of curry powder and the same of flour with a little salt, mix and stir for five minutes, moisten with a cup of stock and stew gently for a few minutes longer, put in the meat and simmer until done, but do not let it boil. Serve with rice around the dish.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## DANIEL IN THE DEN OF LIONS.

International Sunday School Lesson  
For July 30, 1909—Text, Daniel  
6:10-23—Memory Verses, 21-23.

(Specially Adapted from Peloubet's Notes.)  
GOLDEN TEXT.—The Lord is thy keeper.—Psa. 121:5.

READ THE ENTIRE CHAPTER.  
LIGHT FROM OTHER SCRIPTURES.—

Doing Right at Any Cost: Examples.—Peter, Joseph, John the Baptist, Abraham, Moses, Gideon, Elijah, Shadrach, Meshach, Abednego. Promises of Deliverance.—Chron. 20:15, 17; Psa. 91; 135, 2; 136:1, 2; 136:3, 4; 136:5, 6; 136:7, 8; 136:9, 10; 136:11, 12; 136:13, 14; 136:15, 16; 136:17, 18; 136:19, 20; 136:21, 22; 136:23, 24; 136:25, 26; 136:27, 28; 136:29, 30; 136:31, 32; 136:33, 34; 136:35, 36; 136:37, 38; 136:39, 40; 136:41, 42; 136:43, 44; 136:45, 46; 136:47, 48; 136:49, 50; 136:51, 52; 136:53, 54; 136:55, 56; 136:57, 58; 136:59, 60; 136:61, 62; 136:63, 64; 136:65, 66; 136:67, 68; 136:69, 70; 136:71, 72; 136:73, 74; 136:75, 76; 136:77, 78; 136:79, 80; 136:81, 82; 136:83, 84; 136:85, 86; 136:87, 88; 136:89, 90; 136:91, 92; 136:93, 94; 136:95, 96; 136:97, 98; 136:99, 100.

TIME.—Between 538-539, the two years during which Darius was reigning under Cyrus.

PLACE.—Babylonia, a part only of the great empire of Cyrus.

THE JEWS IN EXILE.—The exile had now continued nearly 70 years, and the time of the return was near at hand.

RULERS.—Cyrus, king of the whole empire of the Medes and Persians. Darius the Mede, king at Babylon, subject to Cyrus. Canon Tristram thinks he was placed there at the request of the Medes, to pacify them, and says: "This Darius is only once alluded to in the Greek classics."

EXPLANATORY.—

I. Daniel's Past Experience.—Daniel must have been between 80 and 90 years old at this time. He had had many trials of his character and his faithfulness. The severe trials to which he had been subjected had hitherto resulted only in raising him to higher honors and success.

1. In his determination to keep from defiling his religion (chap. 1). 2. In his faithful presentation of the true God to Nebuchadnezzar, telling him the most terrible truths (chap. 4). 3. In his faithful reproof and warning of Belshazzar (chap. 5).

II. The Trap.—Under Darius, Daniel was recognized as a man of great ability and integrity, and one who could be trusted implicitly. Accordingly, he made him one of the three presidents over 120 governors of as many provinces into which the kingdom was subdivided. It was not long before the other officers determined that in some way or other, by fair means or foul, they must get rid of Daniel.

III. Daniel Goes Straight On in the Way of Duty.—V. 10. "Now when Daniel knew that the writing was signed," It made no difference as to his conduct. He would say as Nehemiah said to Shemaiiah: "Should such a man as I flee?" Neh. 6:11. "Windows being open . . . toward Jerusalem." Praying toward Jerusalem was not an act of superstition. It was (1) a recognition of God's promise to Solomon in favor of those who looked toward this center of His worship (1 Kings 8:35-44). (2) It was a recognition of the God of Israel, and of His promise that His people should return to their home. (3) It was an aid to the spirit of devotion. The place and its associations have an influence upon our spirits, and give them wings, or weigh on them like a burden. "Kneeling upon his knees;" A fitting attitude for humble prayer, favoring the spirit of devotion. "Three times a day;" Like the psalmist (Psa. 55:17).

IV. The Trap Sprung.—Vs. 11-15. V. 11. "Then these men," The princes who had been plotting against Daniel. "Assembled;" As in v. 6, "Assembled or ran hastily," so as to come upon Daniel suddenly and detect him in the act. 12. "And spoke before the king. . . Hast thou not," etc. As soon as they had the proofs they presented them to the king. "The law of the Medes and Persians, which altereth not;" In this two principles are involved: one, the existence of a settled law or rule by which the king himself, theoretically at any rate, is bound, and which he cannot alter; the other, the inclusion, under this law or rule, of the irrevocability of a royal decree, or promise. V. 13. The leaders were now sure of their case. Every door of escape was shut against Daniel. They had simply to announce to the king that Daniel was guilty.

V. Daniel in the Lion's Den.—Vs. 16-18. V. 16. "They brought Daniel and cast him into the den of lions." This was according to oriental custom on the evening of the same day. The story of the den of lions is strictly in keeping with Babylonian usages. "The king spake;" As they were putting Daniel into the den. "Whom thou servest continually;" A precious testimony to the religious character and fidelity of the prophet. (Compare Matt. 27:43; John 18:38; Todd, V. 17. "Stone . . . laid upon the mouth of the den;" The mouth was the door through which the animals were put into the den. 18. "The king . . . passed the night fasting;" The idea that lies at the basis of fasting is grief so deep that it takes away the desire for food.

VI. The Deliverance.—Vs. 19-23. V. 19. "The king arose very early;" Literally "in the dawning, in the glimmer of morning." V. 22. "My God hath sent His angel;" Daniel does not say whether the angel was visible or not. The winds and the lightning are God's angels, according to the psalmist. "Innocency was found in me;" Daniel declares that he had been faithful to God and to the king, and hence God had seen fit to deliver him. V. 23. "Because he believed;" and had shown it by doing right at all costs. God never fails those who trust in Him.

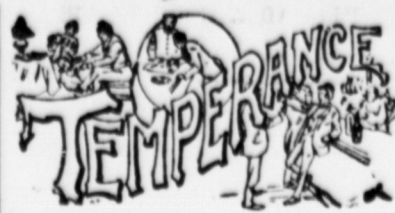
VII. Retribution.—Those who were instrumental in the attempt upon Daniel's life were cast themselves into the den of lions, with all their families.

PRACTICAL.—

Whoever does well, and is faithful and true, where others are dishonest and false, must expect to be opposed and hated. Every effort will be made to injure his character, to drag him into the mire, and to make it appear that they are no better than those who assail them.

Faithfulness to duty may bring men into suffering and death. The test of a Christian is what he will do for Christ's sake.

Mark the fate of the conspirators. They fell into the pit they had dug for others.



THE MAN WITH THE LOAD.

(Mr. Markham's consideration is solicited.) Rowed by a weight of fiery stuff, he leans Against the hitching post and gazes round! Besotted emptiness is in his face. He bears a load that still may get him down.

Who made him dull to shame and dead to pride, A thing that cares not and that never thinks. Filthy, profane, a consort for the pig? Who loosened and let down that stubbly jaw? Whence came the scum adhering to those lips? What was it clogged and burned away his brain?

Is this the thing the Lord God made and gave? To have dominion over sea and land; To love and to be loved; to propagate And feel the passion of Eternity? Is this the dream He dreamed who shaped the sun?

And pillared the blue firmament with light? Down all the stretch to hell to his last guile

There is no shape more hideous than this— More tongueless with proof that Darwin didn't know— For where in all the world of brutish beasts Is one from which this monster might have come?

His blood flows in the trail, disfigured babe Over which the pale, heart-broken mother bends. But what to him are those hot tears she sheds. What cares he for the taunts his children bear. The hungry cries they raise; their twisted limbs? Through this dread shape the devil boldly looks.

And in that reeling presence mocks the world! Through this dread shape humanity is shamed. Profaned, outraged, dragged down and brought to scorn.

Made to inhale fumes from the slime he spews And hear him jest at Virtue and at God. O masters, lords and rulers in our land, Must this foul socialism still Be tolerated in an age when men Grasp power from the circumambient air And speak through space across the roaring gulfs?

Must this vile thing be left to wed at will And propagate his idiotic spawn, A shame upon the age in which we live, A curse on generations to be born?

O masters, lords and rulers in our land, How may we hope to reckon with this man? How get along without the vote he casts When there are public offices to fill? How will it be with candidates when he No longer hangs upon the reeking bar Prepared to fight, to stab, to murder and To vote for him who furthest his drinks?

—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Times-Herald.

**TASTE DEPRIVITY.**

The Terrible Stuff Inebriates Will Drink to Satisfy Their Unnatural Cravings.

The use as a beverage of "finest," a weak solution of shellac in spirit employed by French polishers, is an old story, but we believe that its use for that purpose has fallen into abeyance in consequence of new regulations made by the inland revenue to prevent its sale for the purpose of drinking. Similarly the drinking of methylated spirit, a horribly nauseous concoction, increased, nevertheless, until it became necessary to add a stronger dose of methyl. A still more inconceivably repulsive form of tipple was the spirit drawn off museum preparations, and yet we believe the drinking of that beverage has been the death of many museum porters, and it is a long-time reminiscence that the Royal college of surgeons, Ireland, on the appointment of a new museum curator, discovered that several hundred pounds' worth of its specimens had been destroyed by the abstraction of the spirit from the bottles, the past curator having been a confirmed inebriate. The latest advance in the direction of a new intoxicant is the drinking of petroleum oil, a practice which is stated to be rapidly growing to the dimensions of a great national vice in France. The taste of the liquid is absolutely repulsive, but to the Britisher who has tasted the abominations which are drunk with avidity and craved for by the French working classes, it will be obvious that nauseousness is not, of itself, a bar to the use of any beverage once that the taste has been broken in to tolerate the liquid. The worst of the new intoxicant, from a social point of view, is that petroleum, taken in any reasonable quantity, does not appear to be greatly detrimental to health. It is said that the drunkenness which it produces is of the morose and quarrelsome type, and not of the jolly character which arises from alcohol, but the fit is quickly slept off, and the victim awakes apparently not much the worse for his "outing."—Med. Press and Circular.

**The Work of Rum.**

Recently cannibals attacked a Presbyterian mission station in the New Hebrides, and killed and ate two missionaries from London. The cause was the continual sale of alcoholic liquors, which New Hebrides missionaries have been begging the British, the United States, the French and the Australian governments to prohibit.

## TEMPERANCE BEVERAGES.

Some Excellent Recipes for Refreshing Drinks During the Hottest Term.

With the heated term comes a natural increase of thirst. While it is universally conceded that ice water is unwholesome to all except those stomachs that might be designated ironclad, it is also true that ordinary well or reservoir water, lukewarm and nauseating, must be cooled to be satisfying.

If fresh water, inclosed in a tightly stoppered fruit jar, were kept standing in the lower portion of the refrigerator it would be pleasantly refreshing without being too cold. Yet even then, it will, if kept longer than two or three hours, taste stale and flat. Besides, what busy housekeeper or domestic will take the trouble to renew the liquid as often as that? And how many housekeepers there are who possess no refrigerator and use no ice. For such as these, as well as for those who crave a fluid that "tastes good," some recipes for beverages may be welcome.

Cherry Cordial.—Crush a pint of cherries without pitting, and pour over them a quart of boiling water. Strain, sweeten to taste and set where it will cool. For this purpose a stone or earthen jar, set on the cellar bottom and wrapped with a wet cloth, will be found to reduce its temperature in consequence of evaporation. The cordial can be made stronger than given in this direction. Any other small fruit will similarly furnish a wholesome and pleasant beverage.

Currantade.—Mash a quart of ripe currants, or currants and red raspberries mixed in any convenient proportion, and pour over four times as much cold water. Stir and press through a jelly bag, and then sweeten to taste. It may be kept in a refrigerator for several days.

Blackberry Cordial.—Mash fresh, selected berries with a wooden spoon, strain, and to every pint of the juice add one-half teaspoonful of boiling water. Let it cool over night, then strain again, and to every quart of liquid add one teaspoonful or one-half pint of granulated sugar. Let it come to a boil and seal in cans or bottles, like fruit, if it is not to be used at once. This cordial is most excellent in dealing with summer complaints. A tablespoonful, occasionally, in a little water, or even less, in the case of a delicate person, will be efficacious.

Fruit Temperance Beverage.—Take six lemons, one heaping pint of fresh raspberries, one small pineapple, one pound best white sugar and 1½ quarts of pure soft water. Peel the lemons very thin and squeeze the juice over the peelings. At the end of two hours stir in the sugar and the raspberries, which have been mashed, with an additional half cupful of sugar, and also the pineapple, which has been shredded and slightly sugared. To the strained lemon juice add the pineapple, the raspberries and three-fourths of a quart of water. Stir together until the sugar is dissolved, then strain and serve in small glasses, or add it to cold water in any desired proportion. This compound of flavors will be found most delicious.

The French make a drink which serves to overcome the taste of lukewarm water. They chop fine a cupful of such dried fruit as figs, dates and prunes, and steep for an hour in one quart of water. After straining and slightly sweetening it is used as a summer beverage.

All ingenious housekeepers will readily enlarge upon these recipes and provide them for the extreme heat of summer.—Hester M. Poole, in Union Signal.

**ADVOCATE ANAGRAMS.**

Chicago has 600 churches and 6,000 saloons.

The drink devil is still a potent factor in politics.

When liquor dealers are busy, the devil is glad.

If not living for the right, we have no right to live.

God needs working men and working men need God.

The most prolific source of strife is the wine glass.

Drink revenue is wet with tears and stained with drink.

The mistake of the state is locking up the drinker instead of the drink.

It is much easier to "rectify" whisky than it is to rectify the evil it causes.

The saloons and the drink traffic will soon go when Christians are in earnest.

The light over a liquor seller's door is a false beacon, luring men to destruction.

Many a man withholds solids from his family when he can stand drinks for his friend.

Jesus did not tell anyone they could do evil if they would give him part of the profits.

The Christian who prays for God to sweep intemperance from the land don't mean it unless he is willing that God should use him as the broom to do the sweeping with.

**The Cigarette Evil.**

Suppose a boy has a lot of cigarettes, and smokes a few of them every day. Is there any injury in this? I can tell you, for I have had such boys for patients. Such smoking, even in so-called moderation (as if there were any such thing as moderation in stimulants for the young!) will do three things for him:

1. It will run his pulse up to 100 or more per minute.

2. It will reduce his weight below the healthy standard.

3. It will reduce his strength and general vitality, as will appear in his pale complexion and diminished appetite.

\* \* \* Cigarette smoking is one of the worst habits physically that a boy can form. It injures the heart and digestion, and it tends to check the growth. It gives a bad false and silly notion, and it does not bring him into good company.—Harper's Young People.

## "Uneasy Lies the Head That Wears a Crown."

But such are not the only uneasy heads. Overworked, harassed, anxious people of all ages and both sexes are uneasy with aches, pains, impure blood, disordered stomachs, deranged kidneys and liver. For all such, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the effective and faultless cure. It infuses fresh life through purified blood.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Never Disappoints

## ONE ON THE MERCHANT.

How It Came That the Value of His Stock Was Subject to Fluctuations.

One of the lawyers says that a client of his is the hero of this story and that it happened here within a year or two. A man from the assessors' office went into the store of a Hebrew merchant in the pursuit of his duties. The two had a slight acquaintance, so that the assessor did not think it necessary to explain his business. He was rather surprised when, in answer to his questions, the storekeeper proceeded to dilate on the value of his stock. "Do you mean in any store of de size in de city. It isn't 'vort' a cent less than \$5,000."

"Suppose I put it down at that then," said the assessors' man.

"Do it, do it," said the proprietor. "You've made no mistake."

So the assessors' man did it. There was lamentation in the store when the tax bill showed the proprietor that he was taxed on \$5,000 personal, and he rushed over to the assessors' office with all possible speed.

"Vat is dis? Vat is dis?" he asked them, excitedly. "I have no personal but de stock in my store. I'm a liar if it's 'vort' \$500. Come down and look it over."

They told him that the records showed that he had given the figure to the assistant assessor.

His hands went up over his head in horror. "My goodness, my goodness!" he shouted. "Vat dat your man? I thought he was from Broadstreet's."

**He Had Reason to Run.**

The man came out of an office building on the run and started down the street.

"Here! Here!" cried the policeman on the corner. "What's your hurry?"

"There's a man back there trying to sell me a book on 28 weekly installments of \$2.33 each!" cried the victim.

The policeman instantly released his hold.

"Run!" he cried. "Run like a white-head! Maybe you can get



# NAVAL RESERVES.

At Cleveland, O., They Were Ordered Out by Mayor Farley for Strike Duty Friday.

## STRIKE ASSUMING A SERIOUS ASPECT.

Stones Thrown at Every Car That Came Along on Wilson Avenue and Pearl Street

A Squad of Police Partially Succeeded in Keeping Order—Many Broken Heads the Result—Attempt to Blow Up a Car on Euclid Avenue.

CLEVELAND, O., July 22.—The street railway strike is assuming a more threatening aspect.

At 4 o'clock Friday afternoon Mayor Farley ordered the naval reserves to prepare for strike duty. This organization, 104 strong, armed with Lee rifles and Gatling and Gardner machine guns, assembled at their armory, on Sibley street, at 6 o'clock, and Friday night slept there. They are awaiting the further orders of the mayor.

Friday night there was rioting on Wilson avenue and on Pearl street. A mob of 5,000 collected on Wilson avenue between Payne avenue and Superior street, and threw stones at every car that came along. A squad of 30 policemen tried to keep order, and only partly succeeded, the disorder continuing until the cars stopped running at 11 p. m. They were compelled to charge the mob repeatedly, using their heavy riot clubs, and many broken heads are the result. One arrest was made.

An attempt was made to blow up a street car with dynamite at 9:30 o'clock Friday evening. The car was on Euclid avenue returning to the Lake View barn when a terrific explosion occurred under the wheels at Anna-dale avenue opposite the residence of Henry A. Everett, president of the Big Consolidated Street Railway Co. The car was nearly jolted from the track but was not stopped. The half dozen passengers on board were badly frightened, but none of them were injured. No harm was sustained by the car and it proceeded on its journey. There is no clue to the perpetrators. About the same time on Pearl street, on the south side, three non-union street railway men, who had left the Holmden avenue barns to purchase tobacco, were pursued by a howling mob. One of the fugitives fired a revolver, but hit no one, and the bullets passed through a large plate glass window across the street.

The street car men sought refuge in a store, and at this time the police arrived and charged into the crowd, scattering it quickly. In the confusion a number of women who were in the crowd were thrown down and a little girl was struck by a policeman's club and severely bruised.

## SILVER LEADERS CONFER.

A Plan to Organize Their Forces Into a Distinct Party Was the Principal Theme of Discussion.

CHICAGO, July 22.—While the members of the national committee were enjoying a view of the drainage canal Friday the silver leaders were in conference at the Auditorium annex.

Those present were: John P. Altgeld, George Fred Williams, James P. Tarvin, president of the league of bimetallic clubs of the Ohio valley; Gen. A. J. Warner, president of the American Bimetallic union; C. A. Shively, of Indiana, and Morton Frewen, the English bimetalist.

It is said that a plan to organize the silver forces of the country into a distinct party formed the principal theme of discussion. It was not suggested as an immediate necessity, but as a contingency which future events might make not only expedient, but necessary.

## POLICEMEN WERE INJURED.

Car on the Rockaway Avenue Line, New York, Thrown From the Track Either by Accident or Design.

NEW YORK, July 22.—About 2 o'clock Saturday morning a car on the Rockaway avenue line, loaded with 13 policemen, was thrown from the track at the corner of Rockaway and Dumont avenues. All of the policemen, who were en route to Canarsie, were more or less injured. The affair is supposed to have been the result of a misplaced switch. Whether this is the result of an accident or design on the part of the strikers is not known at this time.

## Electric Railway Ordered Sold.

DECATUR, Ill., July 22.—Master in Chancery Finn Friday made a report on foreclosure proceedings of bondholders of the City Electric Railway Co. recommending that road be sold. A decree ordering a sale was granted. The amount due bondholders is \$195,000.

## Prohibitionists Nominate a State Ticket.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22.—The prohibitionists' convention was held here Friday and a state ticket was nominated.

## Ex-Champion Lunge Dead.

NEW YORK, July 22.—E. DeGrove Lange, once the champion amateur three-mile walker of America, died Friday at his home in this city.

## ROBERT G. INGERSOLL DEAD.

The Well-Known Lecturer and Lawyer Died Suddenly at His Summer Home in Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., Friday.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Robert G. Ingersoll died at his home in Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., Friday afternoon, of apoplexy. Mr. Ingersoll went to his summer home in Dobbs Ferry two days ago apparently in good health. Shortly after his arrival there he complained of a slight indisposition.

He spent Friday morning in his room, and shortly before he was stricken his wife offered to have his luncheon sent up to him so that he would not have to walk down stairs to the dining-room below. He laughingly replied that while he did not feel quite as young as he used to, he guessed he was not yet an invalid and he would go down with the others. As



ROBERT G. INGERSOLL.

he finished speaking and was about to rise he fell back in his chair. A physician was immediately summoned, but when he reached the house he found that Mr. Ingersoll had died almost instantly. The physician did not give the cause of death, but the family believe it was due to apoplexy. Mr. Ingersoll's wife and two daughters were with him when he died.

Robert G. Ingersoll was born in Dresden, N. Y., August 11, 1833. His father was a Congregational clergyman of such liberal views that he was persecuted for them, and in his early life Robert G. Ingersoll imbibed an intense hatred of Calvinism, which grew with his growth and finally made him an aggressive opponent of all generally received forms of religion.

No arrangements have been yet made for the funeral, but it will probably take place on Monday at the house, and the interment will be in Sleepy Hollow cemetery at Tarrytown.

Death came to him as he had recently expressed a desire that it should. He often in old times said he wished to die slowly, with a full consciousness, so he might tell those about him how it felt. Recently he experienced a change of desire to die painlessly and without warning.

## INGERSOLL GREAT-HEARTED.

Rev. Elijah P. Brown's Opinion of the Great Infidel—Sincere in Opposition to Christianity.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 22.—Rev. Elijah P. Brown, founder of the Ram's Horn, in earlier life was an infidel, but 13 years ago he turned Christian and became a preacher.

Concerning "Bob" Ingersoll he says: "During the years when I was an unbeliever myself Ingersoll was my patron saint. I knew him and loved him, and never missed an opportunity to hear him speak. He was sincere and honest in his opposition to Christianity, and he was not talking for money, as generally supposed, but because he earnestly desired to do good. He was a mistaken man, as every Christian knows, but he was an honest one. I think he was the greatest-hearted man I ever knew who was not a Christian."

## OUR NATIONAL GAME.

Washington and Cleveland Play Two Interesting Games, Each Winning One—Pittsburgh Defeats Philadelphia.

First Game.  
Innings..... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R-H-E  
Washington..... 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0—3 6 6  
Cleveland..... 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0—3 14 0  
Batteries—Morgan and Duncan; Coffey and Schrecongost. Umpires—Gaffney and Latham.

Second Game.  
Innings..... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R-H-E  
Washington..... 3 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—5 7 1  
Cleveland..... 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0—3 8 1  
Batteries—Duncan and Ritzinger; Bates and Schrecongost. Umpires—Gaffney and Latham.

Innings..... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R-H-E  
Pittsburgh..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—6 11 2  
Philadelphia..... 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—3 9 5  
Batteries—Chesbro and Schriver; Donahue and McFarland. Umpires—Swartwood and Hunt.

## How the Clubs Stand.

Clubs..... W. L. P. Clubs..... W. L. P.  
Boston..... 33 25 58 Cincinnati..... 39 28 306  
Boston..... 49 10 63 Pittsburgh..... 37 42 468  
Philadelphia..... 48 30 615 New York..... 33 43 449  
St. Louis..... 46 33 82 Louisville..... 33 416  
Chicago..... 44 32 579 Washington..... 30 361  
Baltimore..... 43 34 588 Cleveland..... 15 67 183

## Peace Reigns.

PINE BLUFF, Ark., July 22.—The impending race war in Chicot county has been settled and peace reigns there Friday night. One Whittaker, who had stirred up a bitter feeling on the part of the blacks, was ordered to leave the community and lost no time in catching a train.

## Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Friday's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$279,897,913; gold reserve, \$244,020,959.

## HE HAD A GOOD PLACE.

Jimmie's Mother Thought Her Sufferer Was His Own to Work for a Minister.

"One of the nicest, most motherly old ladies I meet in my rounds," remarked a traveling man who sells goods through the southern states, "is at the same time one of the most ignorant of everything except how to get up a good deal of victrolas and give a tired drummer a comfortable bed and clean sheets to sleep in. She has been running a little tavern in a Maryland town for 40 years, I suppose, and hasn't been five miles from home since she was a girl. Her only son, a chap of about 28, on the contrary, has not been within five miles of home for longer than six months in the last 20 years. However, he keeps her posted as to his whereabouts, and in all his wanderings he does not forget her. When last heard from he had got some kind of a position on board the United States revenue cutter McCulloch, the vessel that was Dewey's dispatch boat at Manila, and is at present doing duty between California and the Behring sea. About a week or ten days ago I took dinner at her place, and a fine country dinner it was, too, and I asked her about her boy."

"Oh," she responded with a smile that would make anybody glad to have her for a mother, "Jimmie is doing so well now. He don't always get into the best places, and I am afraid that sometimes he gets into real bad ones, but he is turning over a new leaf, I guess, for he has gone to work with a preacher. He didn't mention what denomination he was, but that don't make any difference, so long as Jimmie just works for him."

"I'm glad to hear it," I said. "Who is the preacher?"

"I don't know, except that his name is Rev. Cutter McCulloch. I'll show you Jimmie's letter."

"She did so, and there I read briefly, as might be expected: 'I am now with the Rev. Cutter McCulloch and doing well, and I smiled softly to myself, but I never said a word to Jimmie's mother.'

## WOMAN'S SPHERE.

An Incident of the Days of Anti-Slavery Agitation in Connecticut.

During the days of the anti-slavery agitation the women took a rather prominent part in the work. Once, after Abbey Kelly, the talented young Quakeress, had spoken publicly at Torrington, Conn., a local minister denounced her as a "Jezebel," and called a meeting in the town hall to protest against the outrage on public decency. The listener tells what happened as follows:

"A large crowd attended, the women filling one side of the hall, facing their lords and masters, who were marshaled on the other side. The minister read the chapter of St. Paul which applies to the subject, laying especial stress on the text: 'Wives, obey your husbands.' Then he declaimed long and loudly on the proper sphere of women, and denounced all those who departed from it to obtain educations which were not adapted to their modest duties in life, or to become public teachers or speakers. He had just finished his discourse, having clinched it with a final rhetorical flourish about woman's sphere, when suddenly the floor timbers on the women's side of the house gave way, and every woman and girl was dropped into the cellar. And there, from amidst the tangle of bruised women and rotten timbers, an elderly woman's voice was heard rising: 'Well! I hope we've reached our proper sphere now! I understand that Torrington is a stronghold of advanced views on the subject of woman's education to this day. Such is the irony of fate.'

## THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, July 22.

LIVESTOCK—Cattle, common..... \$ 3.00 @ 4.00  
Select butchers..... 3.15 @ 3.25  
CALVES—Fair to good light..... 2.50 @ 2.75  
HOGS—Coarse and heavy..... 2.65 @ 2.85  
Mixed packers..... 2.75 @ 2.85  
Light shippers..... 2.80 @ 2.90  
SHEEP—Good..... 3.00 @ 3.10  
LAMBS—Spring..... 4.00 @ 4.15  
FLOUR—Winter patent..... 3.50 @ 3.70  
GRAIN—Wheat..... 2.75 @ 2.85  
Oats..... 2.25 @ 2.35  
Corn—No. 2 mixed..... 2.40 @ 2.50  
Rye..... 2.60 @ 2.70  
HAY—Prime to choice..... 10.00 @ 11.00  
PROVISIONS—Mess pork..... 12.00 @ 13.00  
Lard..... 10.00 @ 11.00  
BUTTER—Choice dairy..... 25.00 @ 26.00  
Prime to choice creamery..... 22.00 @ 23.00  
APPLES—Choice to fancy..... 1.00 @ 1.25  
POTATOES—New, per bushel..... 1.00 @ 1.25

CHICAGO, July 22.

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Oats..... 2.25 @ 2.35  
Corn—No. 2 mixed..... 2.40 @ 2.50  
Rye..... 2.60 @ 2.70  
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## HIS COURAGE FAILED.

He Was Brave Enough Until He Faced Mary Ann, Then He Withdrew.

It is the proud boast of Archie Bruce that he is a descendant of the great Scottish hero, and, as becomes a man of his blood, he prides himself on his courage. For several months there has been in his family a servant who has completely terrorized his wife, the latter being the victim and not the commander of her nerves. There was a terrible row between mistress and maid last Saturday, and on Monday morning Mrs. Bruce said to her husband:

"Archie, I cannot stand Mary-Jane any longer. Won't you please discharge her before you go to business this morning? You know how afraid of her I am."

"Certainly," replied Mr. Bruce, with suave courage. "The cruelest creature that ever cracked a cup or cleaned a kettle cannot cow me."

The valiant Archibald sometimes surprises himself and his friends by floating along on a stream of alteration. Procuring his hat and coat, he descended to the basement kitchen, and in stentorian tones bravely addressed the servant:

"Hear, ahem! I must hurry off now, but, ahem! Mrs. Bruce asked me to tell you that she wants, ahem! to speak to you after I have gone to the office!"—San Francisco News Letter.

## A MAN OF PRUDENCE.

He Thought a Cyclone Cellar Might Come in Handy When He Was Married.

"Speaking of wives and their dispositions and tendencies," said Mr. Biskum to the evening crowd in front of his cross-roads store, "there was John Brunt, that lived for ten years in the cyclone belt in Kansas, trying to raise corn and mortgages and things like that, until he was able to borrow money enough to get back to Maryland again without walking more than half way. John came right to me, and I let him have job on my farm at \$20 a month, for he was a hard worker and thrifty. At the end of the first year he had got the Widow Allen's promise to marry him in October, and he rented a nice little farm to do business again on his own hook. John was a widower himself, and being a practical sort of a man, he went to work right away putting the farm and the house into shape. One day I happened over his way, and found him digging a hole in the back yard."

"What's that for?" says I, walking around and looking over things.

"That's a cyclone cellar, Mr. Biskum," says he.

"A cyclone cellar?" says I, considerably astonished. "What do you want a cyclone cellar for? This ain't Kansas."

"I know, but in that way, Willie," you know, Mr. Biskum, and he got very confidential. "I'm going to get married, and a cyclone cellar may come in mighty handy occasionally."—Washington Star.

## SHAPE OF AN ANAESTHETIC.

As Described by an Eminent Specialist Who Had Used One in an Operation.

It is a Bath physician who tells the following: "Some time ago I happened to spend the night in a country town not far from Bath and it happened that there was stopping at the same hotel an itinerant eye specialist."

"We drifted into a conversation, and during the course of the evening he told me some of the marvelous operations he had performed on the eye. One case in particular he spoke of that caused me considerable astonishment, for I didn't know, I confess, that the operation had been successfully performed. He said he had recently taken out a patient's eye, scraped the back of it, and returned it to its proper place. The patient, he said, was never troubled by bad eyesight afterward."

"That was a difficult operation, doctor?" said I.

"Yes," said he, "it was."

"I suppose you found it necessary to employ an anaesthetic?"

"Yes, I did," he admitted.

"What anaesthetic did you use, doctor?" I persisted.

"Oh, well, unless you are familiar with such operations you probably wouldn't understand if I were to tell you. But, well, it was shaped something like a spoon," explained the eminent specialist. "Lewiston (Me.) Journal."

## Justice in the West.

"Heard a couple of good ones on this trip," announced one of Detroit's traveling men. "At a little town in Oklahoma county was in session, and I dropped in while waiting for the train. The prosecution had taken the testimony of a stationary engineer, and the attorney for the defense took hold. 'Where were you the day this thing happened?' he inquired."

"Running a train," he replied.

"What tribe did he belong to?"

"The day before a case had been tried in which a man had climbed to the top of a freight car laid up on a siding. He had no business there, but loosened the brake. The car started down grade, gained speed rapidly for five miles, and then turned a somewhat over an embankment. His collar bone was broken and he got a verdict for \$500 because a smart lawyer convinced the jury that the railroad was guilty of contributory negligence."—Detroit Free Press.

## Filling the Gap.

The bright boy of fiction is playing with his Noah's ark.

"What are these two chips of wood?" asks the bright boy's father.

It is necessary for the bright boy of fiction to have a father, you know; there has to be somebody to draw him out.

## Beautiful Women.

Every woman should have the beauty, vivacity and vigor of perfect health. A strong stomach is the first essential to physical beauty in either man or woman. Nine-tenths of the sickness of the human race comes from weak digestion. Thousands of people, after years of discouragement, have tried Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and regained their health. There is nothing like it for the cure of stomach troubles. See that a private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

## Brothers in Affliction.

The czar can sympathize with that ancient Indian who is credited with giving his name to the city of Cheboygan. He had just returned from a long hunting trip through the northern wilds of the Michigan peninsula when the native nurse hurried forward and dashed his hopes by telling him he was the father of a third little daughter. The noble chief straightened up, and, with a look of deepest disgust on his coppery face, gutturally exclaimed: "She-boy-gain!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## Slightly Mixed.

Mrs. Henpeck—The Episcopal funeral service is so beautiful! I want it read over me when I die.

Mr. Henpeck—Certainly! There's something in it about "Here endeth the first lesson, isn't there?"—Kansas City Independent.

## Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

## Trophies of the Chase.

"What are those queer-looking trophies the Filipinos wear around their necks?" asked the raw recruit.

"Them's the medals for the century runs they've made during the war," replied the Kansas volunteer.—Philadelphia North American.

## A New Game.

McSwatters—I hear that you put a stop to your game going through your pockets.

McSwatters—Yes.

"How do you work it?"

"Put tacks in your pockets."—Berlin (Md.) Herald.

## To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 50c.

## Good Reason.—Grandma.

"I wouldn't eat that hard apple in that way, Willie." Willie—"I shouldn't think you would, grandma. I wouldn't either if I didn't have no more teeth 'n' you've got."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

## Putnam Fadeless Dyes are the easiest.

Where He Landed.—Griggs—"What became of that son-in-law of yours who failed in business about a year ago? Has he got on his feet again?" Briggs—"No; he is still on my hands."—Ohio State Journal.

## After physicians had given me up, I was

saved by Pao's Cure.—Ralph Erieg, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

## The man who doesn't believe in signs is

liable to get fresh paint on his clothes.—Philadelphia Record.

## The man who goes through life alone generally

has poor company.—Chicago Daily News.

## Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken Internally. Price 75c.

## "Keeping at it" is a mighty good substitute

for real genius.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

## An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectively, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, and the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package, CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

E. H. Vanille Co., Lakeville, Conn., sends

Money-Making Outfit by mail on receipt of your promise to return 10¢ in return money or goods in 30 days. Elegant side line; large profits.

# Are You Ever Depressed?

And is it not due to nervous exhaustion? Things always look so much brighter when we are in good health. How can you have courage when suffering with headache, nervous prostration and great physical weakness? Would you not like to be rid of this depression of spirits? How? By removing the cause. By taking



It gives activity to all parts that carry away useless and poisonous materials from your body. It removes the cause of your suffering, because it removes all impurities from your blood. Send for our book on Nervousness.

To keep in good health you must have perfect action of the bowels. Ayer's Pills cure constipation and biliousness.

Write to our Doctors. Perhaps you would like to consult some eminent physicians about your condition. Then write us freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

# Lazy Liver

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produced constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial, that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend CASCARETS whenever the opportunity is presented."

320 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

# CANDY CATHARTIC CASCARETS

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. 10c. 25c. 50c. CURE CONSTIPATION. Sterling Remedial Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 120

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Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

# CIDER MACHINERY.

Hydraulic and Screw Presses, Graters, Evaporators, Pumps, etc. Illustrated Catalogue free. C. G. HAMPTON & SONS, DETROIT, MICH.

# The B. & O. S. W.

Will run the first excursion of the Season from the West to ATLANTIC CITY

And other Seacoast points. August 3d, 1899. At very low rates.

\$15.00 Round Trip From LOUISVILLE, SEYMOUR, N. YERON.

\$14.00 Round Trip From CINCINNATI, BLANCHESTER, HILLSBORO, PORTSMOUTH.

\$13.00 Round Trip From CHILLICOTHE, HAMDEN, WELLSTON, JACKSON.

\$12.50 Round Trip From ATHENS, MARIETTA.



# BEREA COLLEGE

REV. Wm. G. FROST, Ph. D., President.

## NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

1899-1900

General Instructors: The College Faculty.  
Special Instructors: Mrs. Vocum, Mrs. Hunting,  
Mrs. Putnam, Tutor Matheny.  
Lecturer: Dr. Mayo.

Berea College has always been famous for its teachers. The State Superintendent has stated that Berea does more for the Common Schools of Kentucky than any other institution in the State. Its teachers are wanted everywhere.

The Normal Department is organized to give the best training possible to teachers. Classes are so arranged as to accommodate teachers, and experience in teaching may count in the course. Its diploma is the highest recommendation for scholarship and training.

### Preparation in the Teachers' Grammar School Course.

	FALL.	WINTER.	SPRING.
7:40		Physiology.	Civil Government.
8:00	Exercises in letter-writing and business forms, with analysis, parsing, and correction of false syntax.	Harvey's Grammar and Tarbell—a technical course for teachers.	
8:45	Prince's No. 7.	Ray's Revised Principles, Methods, and Problems.	
10:30	Study Period, with Teacher's aid.		
11:15	U. S. History. Best text, with outlines and geographical studies.		
1:30	Reading. Monday, Wednesday, (Friday at 2:30). Hawthorne's True Stories from New England.	Cable's story book.	Selections from O. W. Holmes.
2:30	Music. Half-hour Tuesday and Thursday.		
3:30	Manual Training or Domestic Industry, including Drawing, four hours.		
	Reading Friday.		

### The Normal Course.

This course requires three years beyond the Grammar School, fits for State Examinations, and secures a diploma. Any one term in it gives good progress and helps in teaching. The studies are arranged as follows:

	FALL.	WINTER.	SPRING.
FIRST.	Arithmetic, 5; Grammar, 5; Elocution, 5; Drawing, 3.	Algebra Ia, 5; Physical Geography, 5; Theory and Drawing, 5; Geography, 3.	Algebra Ib, 5; Botany, 5; Civics, 3; Reviews, 2; Book keeping, 3.
SECOND.	Algebra Ia, 4; Composition, 5; Physiology, 5; Drawing, 3.	Algebra Ib, 4; Practice, 5; History Ia, 5; Higher Arithmetic, 3; Music, 2.	Algebra Ib, 4; Practice, 5; History Ib, 5; Higher Arithmetic, 3; Music, 2.
THIRD.	Geometry or Physics, 4; Classics, 5; Civics, 5; Practice, 3.	Geometry or Physics, 4; English Literature, 5; Theory and Reviews, 5; History of Education, 3.	Geometry or Physics, 4; Psychology, 5; Word Study, 3; Reviews, 2; School Administration, 3.

### Teachers' Normal Course.

For the convenience of persons already engaged in teaching the following course is provided, occupying the Winter and Spring Terms of three years in study, while the Fall Term is given to teaching in the public schools.

	FALL.	WINTER.	SPRING.
FIRST.	Teaching in Public Schools.	Arithmetic, 5; English, 5; Theory and U. S. History, 5; Geography, 3.	Arithmetic, 5; Grammar, 5; Civics, 3; Review, 2; Physiology 3.
SECOND.	Teaching in Public Schools.	Algebra Ia, 5; Physical Geography, 5; Higher Arithmetic, 3; Practice, 5; Music, 2.	Algebra Ib, 5; Botany, 5; Higher Arithmetic, 3; Practice, 5; Music, 2.
THIRD.	Teaching in Public Schools.	English Literature, 5; History Ia, 5; Theory and Review, 5; History of Education, 3.	Psychology, 5; History Ib, 5; Word Study, 3; Review, 2; School Administration, 3.

Students admitted to this course must give evidence of having taught at least one term under a County Certificate and may be required to make up special deficiencies in common school studies in the Grammar School. The diploma granted on completion of the course is proof of both scholarship and experience.

### Expenses.

Tuition is free. The fee for incidental expenses of heating and caring for class rooms, library, chapel, etc., is \$4.50 each term. Books are furnished at least possible cost (free in Grammar School.) Board and room can be had for from \$1.50 to \$2.00 a week. Students pay a fee of twenty-five cents a term to the hospital, which entitles them to advice, care at their rooms while ill, and care and board at the hospital, with reduced doctor bills, if seriously sick. All privileges of the College are open to Normal students, and every term brings growth.

### Terms Open

and classes begin as follows:  
Fall Term, September 13.  
Winter Term, December 13.  
Spring Term, March 14.  
It is wise to begin with the first day of the term.  
Teachers, however, can enter at any time after closing their schools.

### Teachers Especially

requested to write for information to the Vice-President,  
DR. GEO. T. FAIRCHILD, Berea, Ky.

### Institutes.

Teachers' institutes are to be held in the various counties at the following times and places:  
July 24-28 Lee, Beattyville.  
July 31 (Jackson, McKee, Wolfe, Hazel Green.  
Aug. 3 (Madison, (col.) Richmond.  
Aug. 7-11 Estill, Irvine.  
Aug. 14-18, Boyle, (col.) Danville.  
Aug. 21-25 Knox, Barbourville.  
Sept. 11-16, Laurel and Whitley, at Williamsburg.

### Teachers' Institute.

The Colored Teachers Institute met in Campbellsville, with Rev. P. A. White, conductor.  
Supt. C. P. Sanders was present almost all the time and showed earnest interest in all the work.  
All the common school studies with school management were thoroughly discussed. The teachers showed a lively interest in all subjects discussed. Both citizens and teachers say it is the best institute they have attended in the county. Each one went with new enthusiasm to do good work.  
Rev. P. A. White, Conductor.  
H. C. Tinsley, Sec.

## The Counties.

Copy for this Department must reach the editor on Saturday preceding date of issue.

On account of lack of space many interesting items from correspondents had to be left out.

### Rockcastle County.

Conway.

A. J. Johnston moved from this place to Berea last week where he will be engaged in saw mill work.

John Wood, who has been clerking for B. C. Richardson & Co., left recently for his home at Lexington.

Mrs. A. W. Hart and her brother left last week for Lexington to see their brother, Leslie Geers, who is very ill with fever.

A. O. Agree passed through here, Sunday, July 9, enroute to Berea where he expected to get lodging for his two boys until school begins and then he will put them in school.

T. T. Simmons and Dan Goodman gave an entertainment here Thursday evening, July 20. It was well attended and the people seemed to enjoy themselves very much.

Withers.

Reuben Hurley is visiting his mother in Jackson.

Willie Griffin, a son of James Griffin, died Friday night.

Geo. Drew and wife were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Mullins Sunday.

Rev. Dan Mullins preached at the White Oak Church last Sunday.

Samuel and Cleveland Smith are visiting their sister in Jackson County.

Mrs. Emily Mullins is visiting her husband in Clay, where he is running a mill.

Jep Mullins, John McKinney, Green Cress and wife, of Level Green, are visiting relatives at this place.

The school of this place will begin Aug. 1. Mr. French will teach it for the second time. We are glad to commend him as a good teacher.

Disputants.

Miss Minnie Lake is visiting friends at this place.

Mrs. Sam Burns is somewhat improved in health.

Rev. Wilson Williams preached at the Tanyard Sunday.

A Miss Johnston is teaching the Tanyard school this year.

Rev. Thomas Murrell preached at Crane Creek Church July 16.

R. F. Burns sold \$400 worth of stock, one yoke of cattle, and a pair of mules.

Mr. William Anglin began mowing his large meadow last week, but he soon found that his guard was missing and he was obliged to stop.

Mrs. Bright Chastine died on July 16. At 4 P. M., on that day friends and neighbors gathered at the house and the funeral was conducted by Rev. L. R. Rowlette. Mrs. Chastine leaves a husband and four small children.

Wildie.

Miss Bessie Fish is visiting at Oak Hill this week.

H. H. Wood, Squire Tate, and Bogie Phillips attended the Convention at Lexington last week.

Misses Phamy and May Richardson returned to their home at Conway Thursday after a visit with Mrs. Brook.

T. T. Simmons gave an illustrated Cuban Lecture in the Christian Church Friday night July 21, with good attendance.

Mrs. Georgia Coddington of Scafold Cane and Floy Blazer of Greenfield, O., were in town Tuesday. Miss Blazer is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Coddington.

The Cincinnati Cooperage Co's teams are being kept busy hauling staves from Jackson Co. to Wildie; Jones & Smith are having quite a lot of staves hauled here from the same place.

### Jackson County.

Tyner.

E. F. Evans is building a new store house at Mc Whortor.

Edward Anderson, the mechanic, is now working in Owsley County, where he will remain for some time.

Prof. Miles E. Marsh, of Berea, was here the 17th inst. on his way to attend the Teachers' Institute at Manchester.

A large and eager crowd met at Maulden last week to hear Rev. J. D. Nutting speak in opposition to the Mormons, but for some reason, unknown to us, the speaker failed to come. We regret it very much.

Collingsworth.

David Baker and wife of this place are at Chestnut Flat teaching a singing school.

James Roins of McKee who was suffering from a wound, is getting better.

W. P. Sandlin and wife of Bear-wallow are visiting relatives at this place this week.

The three year old son of Shadrack Stone fell into a spring last Sunday and was drowned.

Clover Bottom.

The little child of John Collinsworth is dead.

Mr. James and Frank Hatfield were in Berea last week.

Mrs. Brandenburg and son are visiting relatives in this place.

The Mormons preached at the Oak Grove Church last Thursday.

Mr. Frank Hays and the Anti-mormons passed through here Monday.

A successful Sunday school is in progress at the Parks schoolhouse.

Miss Ellen Hays is teaching at Kirby Knob; and Mr. J. C. Cope at the Powell district.

## THE HOME.

Edited by Mrs. KATE E. PUTNAM, Teacher in Berea College.

Last week we learned a few things about the saving of time and work by arranging everything about the house in a careful way. The real thing to learn was to put things we have been using where they belong when we are through with them. The result would be a carefully arranged house.

Now it is as important to have the outside of the house looking cheery and homelike. There are many things we can do which will help the looks of the yard a great deal. In the first place let each one have a fence about the house, and a fence tight enough so the pigs and chickens can not get through it and come into the yard. They should have a yard by themselves and not stray all over the place. When you have a good fence you can go to work to fix up things about the house, but if you do not have the fence it will be of no use to try to improve things about the house, for the results of your work will be destroyed right away. After the fence is built clear up the corners of the yard, raking up the leaves and chips and burning them. When you once have the whole door-yard raked clean you have a good chance to work. Go to the woods and get a few shape-ly cedar trees or some nice maples and set them out in places where they will add to the beauty of the place. Then get an ivy or some other climbing vine and plant it where it can clamber over the house.

While we are setting out trees and vines we must not forget the grass which we want to have come in nice and thick all over the yard, like a carpet; sow a little grass seed in the bare spots and be sure to keep down the rank weeds which are sure to grow, even in the driest weather and the most unfavorable soil.

I have not said anything yet about flower beds, for the native taste of the girls will generally attend to that. It is very nice to have a few nice flowers, but do not get so many that you can not keep them weeded and cut out, for an overgrown and untidy flower-bed spoils the looks of what might otherwise be a pretty yard. In addition to flowers a few ferns will help if you have a spring near which can be turned in its course enough to furnish the needed supply of water. A nice bank of maiden-hair ferns in a shady place in the yard will help us to feel cool in the hot summer days.

When we have a nice yard we shall enjoy sitting out of doors more than we do now. Then we can have some rustic benches made out of saplings twisted into various shapes, put together in any style we please. They will invite us to spend a little time out of doors where we can rest and be refreshed by the sight of the ferns and flowers, the grass and the trees, and so we may forget all the hard work for a short time and be fresher and more ready for it when we must take it up again. So many little things there are which help to lighten cares and help us along and we can get them with a little work if we will do it.

## Clay County.

Ogle.

M. H. Frederick will teach at Bright Shade.

Simon B. Delph, of Pineville, visited his uncle, Saturday.

The teachers' institute is being held at Manchester this week.

Miss Nellie Dickenson of Manchester, will teach the lower Otter Creek school.

The small son of Thos. Frederick fell from a horse and broke his arm last week.

Skidmore.

Simon B. Delph, of Pineville, is visiting at this place.

Most of the teachers are attending the institute this week.

Lewis Root, a Berea student, will teach school on Red Bird near Wm. B. Asher's.

Norman and Wesley Frost are visiting Mr. Manning this week at Manchester.

Richard Lovins, an aged citizen of this county, was found dead near the mouth of Goose Creek. He had been out with some men and it is supposed that he was murdered.

Onedia.

Mrs. John Pace, of Brutus, is very low with consumption.

Born to the wife of Dudley Burns, a daughter, on July 12.

Mrs. America Roberts, of Onedia, is visiting friends and relatives.

Married on July 14, Mr. Dan Dean, to Miss Nancy Burns, of Doorway.

Sidell.

Reva, Burns and Baker held a protracted meeting at the Baptist Church last week.

Prof. Marsh of Berea College is visiting in this community this week and will go to Hyden next week.

One of the worst fights that was ever fought in Clay County took place Monday morning about three miles from Manchester between Aaron Morris and three of the Griffin boys on one side and George Philpot, Pete Philpot, Rob Philpot, and Ed Fisher on the other. Morris, Fisher, and two of

## SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

### THE SCHOOL.

Edited by Mrs. ELIZA H. VOCUM, Dean of the Normal Department, Berea College.

A word to the teachers whose schools are just beginning. Perhaps one of the greatest practical difficulties that we meet is the question of "seat work" for the lower grades while the higher ones are recite. We find in our school journals no lack of suggestions for "busy work" but so many of them require kindergarten material or for some other reason seem beyond our reach that I want to give a few simple plans that can be carried out with almost no expense. Sometime I hope to have a longer talk with you about the importance of writing out as careful a daily plan for your children's study hours as for the recitation periods. But in just as far as we may with material at hand let us carry out this one principle. Let busy work be educational, not a mere time-killer.

Often the children do not have books, and while that is serious drawback to the carrying out of our ordinary plan for conducting a school, I believe that the most excellent work can be done by a skillful teacher, even with very few books. But we must have some blackboard—the more the better—and each child must have slate and pencil where paper can not be furnished. Perhaps nearly all of our school-work may be classed under three heads, taking in, working over, giving out, or acquiring, assimilating, expressing. Let us keep on our blackboard if we can possibly spare a corner of it some question about the out-door world. What birds have you seen to-day? What were they doing? Are they building nests now? Are there any ants near here? Are they all alike? Have you watched them at work? How many different kinds of trees do you pass in coming to school? Are there any you do not know? Do you know a tree by its bark as well as by its leaves? These and hundreds more similar questions will set the children to observing things about them. Then for slate work, ask them to express some of the things that they have discovered, as—Write me all you can about one bird that you have seen to-day. Write the story of an ant-hill. Draw the picture of four different tree leaves and put the name under the picture, or if the children are too young for that, just the picture. Choose some special tree near the school and let it be drawn. Drawing is to be used freely as a means of expression, not with the idea of making something pretty.

Of more mechanical devices there are many. Try this. If you can, get a five cent box of toothpicks. Cut a number of them into inch lengths. If you cannot get the picks shave out some sticks an inch long. Give each child in a certain grade four sticks. Explain what you want done. "See how many forms can be made with only four sticks." When you have one, draw it for me to see. Do not show your work to anyone till you are all done. Later give five sticks, and you will be surprised at the increased number of figures. Then use the sticks for number work. Stones or beans can be used for counters and the sticks for the signs. Next week we will talk of some other simple and practical busy work.

THE FARM.

Edited by S. C. MARSH, Professor of Horticulture, Berea College.

Better Roads.

(continued from last week)

When the pike company system is allowed to prevail it is evident that the public pays more for the privilege of having a road than I have indicated above. It pays interest, cost of maintenance and in most cases a handsome profit added.

It stands to reason that on the whole the public will get the best roads for the money when the roads are free and administered by the county under support of a public tax, yet such is the inconsistency of the human vote that he will not vote to tax himself for as good a road as he would pay toll for.

The idea that I want to get before my readers is that they can get in roads or any thing else just about what they pay for, but that it will be a profitable investment to pay for good roads, better roads than they now have. Better roads will advance the value of your produce by making it cost less to get to the market and reduce the price of what you use by making those articles cost less when brought to your door. Better roads will make your lands more valuable because more profitable and also because more people will desire to have them if you want to sell. Better roads will give you and your family more of comfort in life, more chance for education and society and religion.

What is a good road? It is the road over which a team can haul loads with the least exertion all the way.

The capacity of a road is what a given team can haul over its worst place. If you start to town with a cord of wood and soon come to a mud hole over which your team can only pull half a cord then your road is a half-cord road, though you might pull a cord easily for two-thirds of the way. How many miles of road can you know where the mending of a hundred yards to the mile would make that road carry much larger load? Would it not pay the men and boys on such mile of road to turn out and fix those bad spots without the call of any road boss or tax collector? I have on two occasions, since I have lived in Berea, had pieces of mountain roads put in repair for private purposes and the benefit was immediately recognized by farmers near who began to use the road to get out their produce or bark and wood. But why had they not worked the roads themselves? The roads had been there in their dilapidated condition for years, so had the men. The men had spent many an idle day that I could testify to. Why not have added to the value of their property and of their produce and have benefited the public by fixing up that road? Why don't you, beginning on the worst spot on the road past your farm?

Chas. Herd and wife, of Washington, are visiting his mother in South Booneville.

The institute conducted by A. C. Fleishman had a good attendance. Mrs. Vocum from Berea was present.

Misses Katie Hampton of Winchester, and Nannie Hampton of Jackson, are visiting relatives in South Booneville.

Our teachers' examination was held at this place last Friday and Saturday. We hope the boys and girls passed better than heretofore.

John D. Clarkston, a former student of Berea College, has paid a visit to friends in this county. Come again John, when you can.

Pulaski County.

Bee Lick.

Mr. A. J. Cress began public school here Monday.

David Adams died at his home near Quail last week, age 97.

Mr. E. O. Gooch returned home from Lancaster last week.

Miss Elva Brooks of Eubank will begin school July 31 at district no. 44.

Rev. Long preached a very interesting sermon at the Christian Church Sunday.

Istoe Warren was arrested and taken to jail for firing a revolver on the Sabbath.

Dr. D. B. Southard attended the Doctors' meeting at Crab Orchard Springs last Tuesday.

Bell County.

Pineville.

July 15, a daughter of George Rose died.

F. W. Woolen's store was closed out for sale July 21.

J. C. Knuckles and wife made a visit to his brother's home last week.

On July 20 the train killed one of C. C. Knuckles' best milk cows.

Commodore Jackson and Mat Jackson from Clay made a visit to Knoxville July 17 to lay in a stock of dry goods. Commodore said he intends to go to Berea College this fall, and says lots of the Clay county boys are coming with him.

Owsley County.

Booneville.

Miss Grace Herd is visiting friends in Middlesborough.

James and Robert Cawood are visiting on Meadow Creek.

Grant Sebastian of Danville, is visiting his father at this place.

The Booneville School is not yet taken up, we hope they will get a good teacher.